- Question

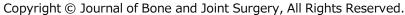
JB&JS Clinical Classroom

Question 1 [Trauma]

A 14-year-old male patient presents 4 months after percutaneous pinning of his left hip. His radiograph is shown. Which of the following is his diagnosis?

- 1. Osteonecrosis of the left hip
- 2. Hardware failure
- 3. Nonunion of the fracture
- 4. Postoperative infection







- Question

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Question 2 [Knee]

Which of the following is the best option for early weight bearing for a supracondylar fracture nonunion in osteoporotic bone (shown)?

- 1. Open reduction and internal fixation with a locking plate
- 2. Intramedullary nail placed through the box of the knee prosthesis
- 3. Nonoperative management with a knee immobilizer
- 4. Distal femoral replacement





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- Question

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Question 3 [Hip]

A patient is scheduled for a total hip arthroplasty to the right hip. Based on preoperative imaging (shown), which of the following may be a disadvantage to using a blade type stem?

- 1. Inability to correct for version variance
- 2. Failure to achieve metaphyseal fixation due to femoral morphology
- 3. Increased rate of intraoperative femoral fracture
- 4. Decreased rotational stability leading to dislocation





- Question



Question 4 [Spine]

A 77-year-old male patient with balance changes, neck pain and progressive changes in upper extremity dexterity presents. On examination, the patient has a positive Hoffman's sign and a positive Romberg's sign. His body mass index (BMI) is 37 kg/m2. Radiographs of the cervical spine demonstrate multilevel degenerative disc disease with a kyphotic cervical spine alignment and C2-C7 Cobb angle of 25°. If surgery is considered, which of the following factors is a contraindication to laminoplasty?

- 1. Positive Hoffman's sign
- 2. Positive Romberg's sign
- 3. Cervical kyphosis of > 25°
- 4. BMI of 37 kg/m2



- Answer



- Question 1
 - Answer: 1. Osteonecrosis of the left hip
- Question 2
 - Answer: 4. Distal femoral replacement
- Question 3
 - Answer: 2. Failure to achieve metaphyseal fixation due to femoral morphology
- Question 4
 - Answer: 3. Cervical kyphosis of > 25°